Section 1: Identification

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1.1 Product identification	
Product identifier	: Mixture
Product name	: PROMASTER(Z) A-10/9 [Colorant]
Product code	: Not available
Recommended uses	: Cosmetics - Hair Coloring Product
Restrictions on uses	: No information available
1.2 Identification of company	
Manufacturer/Supplier name	: Hoyu America Co.
Division	:
Address	: 6265 Phyllis Drive Cypress, CA 90630 US
Telephone number	: 714-230-3000
FAX number	: 714-230-3060
E-mail	: info@hoyu-usa.com
1.3 Emergency telephone number	: 1-800-848-4980
1.4 Reference number	: 20-0019(US)

Section 2: Hazard Identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture		
2.1.1 Physico-Chemical hazard		
Flammable Solids	:	Not classified
2.1.2 Health Hazard		
Acute toxicity (Oral)	:	Not classified
Acute toxicity (Dermal)	:	Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation: dusts/mists)	:	Not classified
Skin corrosion/irritation	:	Category 2
Serious eye damage/irritation	:	Category 1
Skin sensitization	:	Category 1
Reproductive toxicity	:	Not classified
Aspiration hazard	:	Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	:	Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	:	Not classified
2.1.3 Environmental Hazard		

* For those not listed on "2.1 Classification of the Substance or Mixture" are either "Not Applicable" or "Classification not Possible."

* Hazard identification is made according to the 2012 OSHA communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1210) and GHS rev. 7.

2.2 Label Element

Hazard Pictograms		
Signal Word	Danger	•
Hazard Statement	H315	Causes skin irritation.
	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	H318	Causes serious eye damage.
	H370	Causes damage to organs Central Nervous System,
		Respiratory Tract.
Precautionary Statement		
General Precautions :	P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

		P102	Keep out of reach of children.
		P103	Read label before use.
Preventions	:	P264	Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.
		P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
		P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
		P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
		P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Responses	:	P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
•		P321	Specific treatment (see section 4 on this SDS).
		P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before
			reuse.
		P305+P354+	IF IN EYES: Immediately rinse with water for
		P338	several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present
			and easy to do. Continue Rinsing.
		P317	Get medical help.
		P333+P317	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical help.
		P308+P316	IF exposed or concerned: Get emergency medical
			help immediately.
Storage	:	P405	Store locked up.
Disposal	:	P501	Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant in accordance with
			local/regional/national/international regulations.

2.3 Other hazards

2.6% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (oral).

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause allergic reactions with susceptible persons. Use of alcoholic beverages may enhance toxic effects.

Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

.1 Substance :		1
Chemical Name	CAS No.	Concentration (w/w %)
Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
.2 Mixtures :		
Chemical Name	CAS No.	Concentration (w/w %)
PEG-32	25322-68-3	5 - 10
CETETH-30	68439-49-6	5 - 10
AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE	1336-21-6	1 - 5
STEARETH-2	9005-00-9	1 - 5
AMMONIUM BICARBONATE	1066-33-7	1 - 5
BEHENTRIMONIUM CHLORIDE	68607-24-9	1 - 5
PARAFFIN	8002-74-2	1 - 5
LANOLIN	8006-54-0	1 - 5
MINERAL OIL	8042-47-5	0.1 - 1
	71750-79-3,	
AMODIMETHICONE	106842-44-8,	0.1 - 1
	68554-54-1	
ASCORBIC ACID	50-81-7	0.1 - 1
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	67-63-0	0.1 - 1
POLYQUATERNIUM-4	92183-41-0	0.1 - 1

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FRAGRANCE	N.A.	0.1 - 1
RESORCINOL	108-46-3	0.1 - 1
SODIUM SULFITE	7757-83-7	0.1 - 1

Section 4 : First-aid Measures

4.1 Description of First Aid Measures	5
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Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Get medical attention immediately if symptoms occur.
Skin Contact	: Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. May cause an allergic skin reaction. In the case of skin irritation or allergic reactions see a physician.
Eye Contact	: Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes keep eye wide open while rinsing. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Do not rub affected area. Seek immediate medical attention/advice.
Ingestion	: Rinse mouth immediately and drink plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. DO NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician.

4.2 Most Important Symptoms/Effects

Acute	:	Burning sensation,	itching,	rashes,	and/or hives.

Delayed : Burning sensation, itching, rashes, and/or hives.

4.3 Protection for Person who gives First-Aids

Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear personal protective clothing (see section 8).

4.4 Indication of Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required. May cause sensitization of susceptible persons. Treat symptomatically.

Section 5: Fire-Fighting Measures

5.1 Extinguishing Media	
Suitable Extinguishing Media	: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Inappropriate Extinguish Media	: No information available.
5.2 Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemicals	: Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.
5.3 Special Extinguishing Method	: Sensitivity to mechanical impact: No Sensitivity to static discharge: No
5.4 Special Protective Actions for Fire-fighter	: As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

6.1 Personal Precautions, Protective	Eqι	ipment and Emergency Procedures
Protective Equipment	:	Refer to protective measures listed in Section 7 and 8. Prevent
		further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Appropriate Procedure	:	Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Ensure adequate
		ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required.
Emergency Procedure	:	Evacuate personnel to safe areas.
6.2 Environmental Precautions	:	Refer to protective measures listed in Section 7 and 8. Prevent
		further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
6.3 Methods and Materials for Conta	inn	nent and Cleaning up
For Containment	:	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
For Cleaning up	:	Soak up with inert absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to
		properly labeled containers.
Other Information	:	Not available

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Section 7: Handling and Storage

7.1 Precautions for Safe Handling	
General Precautions	: Use personal protection equipment. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
General Hygiene	: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
7.2 Conditions for Safe Storage	
General Information	: Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store locked up. Keep out of the reach of children.
Storage Conditions	: Do not store with strong acids, strong oxidizing agents and/or strong bases.
Other Information	: Not available

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

8.1 Occupational Exposure Limits :

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	NIOSH IDLH	NIOSH REL	OSHA PEL	
			TWA: 400 ppm		
ISOPROPYL	TWA : 200 ppm,	2000 ppm	$(980 \text{ mg/m}^3),$	TWA: 400 ppm	
ALCOHOL	ST : 400 ppm	[10%LEL]	ST: 500 ppm	(980 mg/m^3)	
			(1225 mg/m^3)		
PARAFFIN	-	-	TWA : 2 mg/m^3	-	
			TWA: 10 ppm		
RESORCINOL			$(45 \text{ mg/m}^3),$		
RESORCINOL	-	-	ST: 20 ppm	-	
			(90 mg/m^3)		
MINERAL OIL	TWA : 5 mg/m ³ (IHL; excluding metal working fluids, pure highly and severely refined) (For poorly and mildly refined: exposure by all routes should be carefully controlled to levels as low as possible.)	2500 mg/m ³	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , ST 10 mg/m ³	TWA: 5 mg/m ³	

ACGIH TLV: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists – Threshold limit value. OSHA PEL: Occupational safety and Health Administration – Permissible Exposure Limits Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health.

NIOSH IDLH: The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health – Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations.

8.2 Engineering Controls	:	Showers
		Eyewash station
		Ventilation system
8.3 Individual Protection Measures		
Eye/Face Protection	:	Tight sealing safety goggles.
Skin Protection	:	Wear protective gloves and protective clothing. Long sleeved
		clothing. Impervious gloves.
Respiratory Protection	:	No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions. If

exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced,

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Thermal Hazard	:	ventilation and evacuation may be required. Not available
Other Requirements	:	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands before breaks and immediately

after handling the products.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Propertie	es			
Physical State	:	Solid (Cream)		
Color	:	White to yellowish white		
Odor	:	Characteristic odor		
pH	:	9.3 - 10.3	pH meter (1% aq. sol.)	
Melting/Freezing Point	:	No data available	Not known	
Initial Boiling Point and Boiling Range	:	No data available	Not known	
Flash Point	:	No data available	Not known	
Evaporation Rate	:	No data available	Not known	
Flammability (Solid, Gas)	:	Not meet a criteria under	Not known	
		burning rate test by judging		
		from the product		
		composition		
Upper/lower Flammability or Explosive Limits	:	No data available	Not known	
Vapor Pressure	:	No data available	Not known	
Density	:	No data available	Not known	
Relative Vapor Density	:	No data available	Not known	
Solubility	:	Completely soluble in water	Not known	
Partition Coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	No data available	Not known	
Autoignition temperature	:	No data available	Not known	
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available	Not known	
Viscosity	:	25000 - 45000 mPa•s	Type B viscometer (No. 4 rotor/12 rpm/1 min)	
Kinetic viscosity	:	No data available	Not known	
Particle characteristics	:	No data available	Not known	
Explosive property	:	No data available	Not known	
Oxidizing property	:	No		
VOC contents (%)	:	No data available		
Other Information	:	No information available		
Section 10: Stability and Reactivity				
Reactivity	ין י	No data available		
Chemical Stability		Stable under recommended stora	ge conditions	
Possibility of Hazardous Reactions	: None under normal processing.			
Conditions to Avoid	: None known			
Incompatible Materials	: Oxidative agent and acid materials.			
Hazardous Decomposition Products	: Carbon oxides, ammonia, and/or nitrogen oxide.			

Section 11: Toxicological Information

centre in invitation		
Information on Toxicological Effects		
Acute Toxicity	:	
CETETH-30		LD50(oral, rat) = 1260 mg/kg
AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE		LD50(oral, rat) = 350 mg/kg
STEARETH-2		LD50(oral, rat) = 25000 mg/kg

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AMMONIUM BICARBONATE LD50(oral, rat) = 1576 mg/kgLD50(oral, rat) = 1000 mg/kg**BEHENTRIMONIUM** CHLORIDE LD50(oral, rat) = 301 mg/kgRESORCINOL Skin Corrosion/Irritation CETETH-30 Moderate irritation (Draize, Rabbit, RTECS). Corrosive (rabbit, 20 % aq. Sol.) (SIDS 2008). AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE Corrosive to skin. Low concentration solution (1%) causes skin BEHENTRIMONIUM irritation, and high concentration solutions ($\geq 10\%$) may cause **CHLORIDE** inflammation, rash, etc. AMODIMETHICONE Causes skin irritation. FRAGRANCE No information available In the skin irritation test in which this substance was applied to RESORCINOL rabbits for 24 hours, there were reports of skin irritation scores 4.4 and 5.4, and scars and necrosis of the necrotic part were observed 14 days after application (SIDS (2009), DFGOT vol. 20 (2003), CICAD 71 (2006)). In addition to reports that epidemiological investigations of 268 human subjects showed a direct relationship between the occurrence of dermatitis and this substance exposure (NTP TR 403 (1992), ACGIH (7 th, 2001)). Multiple dermatitis due to this substance exposure has been reported (SIDS (2009), PATTY (6 th, 2012)). Serious Eye Damage/Irritation Mild irritant (rabbit), but recovered within 24 to 48 hrs. **PEG-32** CETETH-30 Moderate irritation (Draize, Rabbit, RTECS). Corrosive (rabbit, 28.5 % aq. Sol.) (HSDB (Access on June AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE 2014)). BEHENTRIMONIUM Low concentration solution (0.1 - 1%) is strongly irritant to **CHLORIDE** eves, and high concentration solutions ($\geq 10\%$) may cause severe burnings with turbidity or angiogenesis. Slightly or mild irritant (rabbit, IUCLID, 2000 and RTECS, PARAFFIN 2008). Causes serious eye damage. AMODIMETHICONE Mild to strong irritation (rabbit) (EHC, 1990, SIDS, 2002, ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL PATTY 6th, 2012, and ECETOC TR48, 1998). FRAGRANCE No information available RESORCINOL In the eye irritation test using rabbit, there are reports that non-recovering conjunctivitis, iritis, corneal opacity occurred(SIDS (2009)). Also there were reports that nonrecorescious ulcer has developed (ACGIH (7th, 2001)). In addition, the irritation score is reported as 39.9-56.3 and 105 (maximum value 110) (SIDS (2009), CICAD 71 (2006)). Causes eye irritation. Slight irritation on rabbit eyes. SODIUM SULFITE Respiratory or Skin Sensitization FRAGRANCE No information available RESORCINOL There was a report that the positive rate was seen to be 30% or more in skin sensitization test using guinea pig (OECD TG 406, GLP compliant) (SIDS (2009), DFGOT vol. 20 (2003)). Germ Cell Mutagenicity No information available : Carcinogenicity No information available ·

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Reproductive Toxicity :	
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	Two generation test on rat by oral exposure showed decrease in copulation rate on parent and decrease in weight and increase in death rate (PATTY 6th, 2012 and SIDS (2002)).
STOT – Single Exposure :	
AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE	There is known neurological effect due to oral and dermal exposure, which normally limited to blurred vision on topically applied region, but severe exposure causes increase in concentration of blood ammonia, attack, coma, nonspecific diffuse brain disorder, loss in muscle strength, decreased deep tendon reflex, loss of consciousness, and death (ATSDR, 2004). This substance has a respiratory irritation and causes severe irritation and pain on airway mucosa. Also, severe corrosive effects are known for mouth, throat and stomach by oral route (HSDB, 2014).
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	This substance showed systematic hazardous effect including the central nervous depression such as lethargy, coma and respiratory depression, irritation on the alimentary canal, effect on the circulatory system such as blood pressure, body temperature decrease, and abnormal cardiac rhythm (SIDS (2002), EHC 103 (1990)).
PARAFFIN	Wax fume is mild irritant on eyes, nose, and throat (PATTY5th, 2001)
RESORCINOL	This substance has multiple human poisoning cases. After using ointment or cream (50% of this substance, 100 g) for the treatment of skin diseases, methemoglobinemia, cyanosis, convulsions due to loss of consciousness, tremor, convulsion, mydriasis, confusion, amnesia, disorientation were observed. In oral ingestion and percutaneous absorption poisoning cases of infants, burning sensation, convulsions, central nervous system disorder (dizziness, confusion, somnolence, disorientation, disorientation, memory loss, tremor), red blood cell change (methemoglobinemia, hemolytic anemia, hemoglobinuria, cyanosis), etc. were observed (ACGIH (7th, 2001), CICAD 71 (2006), IARC 71 (1999), PATTY (6th, 2012), DFGOT Vol. 20 (2003)). In experimental animals, in oral administration on rats salivation, hyperexcitability, tachypnea, ptosis, lethargy, abnormal gait, lying position, tremor, dyspnea, tremor, convulsion, sedation, tonic chronic convulsion, cyanosis, etc. were reported (SIDS (2009), ACGIH (7th, 2001), DFGOT Vol.
	20 (2003), PATTY (6th, 2012), CICAD 71 (2006)).
STOT – Repeated Exposure : ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	Vapor exposure of this substance on rat for 4 month showed decrease in number of leucocyte at 100 mg/m ³ , and pathologic effect on organs of respiration such as lung and respiratory tract, liver and spleen at 500 mg/m ³ (EHC 103 (1990)).
MINERAL OIL	Effects on liver and mesenteric node by repeated oral exposure test using rat (IUCLID, 2000) and on lung due to aerosol exposure on rat (US HPVIS, 2011).
Aspiration Hazard : MINERAL OIL	Inhalation of oil or liquid to lung may cause lipid or chemical pneumonia and/or lipid granuloma.
Information on the Likely Routes of Expo	
Inhalation :	Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. May cause irritation of respiratory tract.

Eye contact	:	Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Expected to be an irritant based on components. Severely irritating to eyes. Cause serious eye damage. May cause burns. May cause irreversible damage to eyes.					
Skin contact	:	 Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Ingestion may cause irritation based on components. Irritating to skin. Prolonged contact may cause redness and irritation. 					
Ingestion	:	: Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Ingestion may cause irritation to mucous membranes. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. May be harmful if swallowed (based on components).					
Symptoms related to the Physical,	:	Erythema (skin r					
Chemical and Toxicological		eyes. May cause blindness. Burning, itching, rushes and/or					
Characteristics		hives.					
Delayed, Immediate, and Chronic	:	: May cause sensitization of susceptible persons. May cause					
Effects from Short and Long Term		sensitization by skin contact.					
Exposure							
Carcinogenicity	: The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any						
	ingredient as carcinogen.						
Chemical Name		ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA		

Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	A4	Group 3	-	-
RESORCINOL	A4	Group 3	-	-
MINERAL OIL	-	Group 3	-	-

ACGIH: A1 - Confirmed human carcinogen, A2 - Suspected human carcinogen, A3 - Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans, A4 - Not classifiable as a human carcinogen, A5 - Not suspected as a human carcinogen

IARC: International Agency for Research and Cancer (Group 1 – Carcinogenic to humans, Group 2A – Probably Carcinogenic to humans, Group 2B – Possibly carcinogenic to humans, Group 3 – Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity in humans, Group 4 – Probably not carcinogenic to humans)

NTP: National Toxicology Program (NA = none assigned, Known = Known to be a human carcinogen, RAHC = Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen)

Other Information : No information available.

Section 12: Ecological Information

section 12. Ecological information	
Toxicity on Aquatic Organisms :	
AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE	LC50 (Mysidopsis bahia, 96 hrs.) = $2.81 - 98.9$ mg total NH ₃ /L
	(SIDS, 2007)
AMMONIUM BICARBONATE	LC50 (96 hrs., Oncorhynchus mykiss)=17300 µg/L
BEHENTRIMONIUM CHLORIDE	EC50(Daphnia magna, 48 hrs.) = 0.16 mg/kg
POLYQUATERNIUM-4	No information available
FRAGRANCE	No specific information given on the SDS from manufacturer.
RESORCINOL	EC50 (Daphnia magna, 48 hrs.) = 1.28 mg/L
Toxicity on Terrestrial Organisms :	No information available.
Persistence and Degradability :	
BEHENTRIMONIUM CHLORIDE	BOD=0%
MINERAL OIL	Persistent (IUCLID, 2000)
POLYQUATERNIUM-4	No information available
RESORCINOL	BOD = 66.7%
Bioaccumulative Potential :	
BEHENTRIMONIUM CHLORIDE	Low bioaccumulation
MINERAL OIL	Log Pow > 6 (IUCLID, 2000)
POLYQUATERNIUM-4	No information available
RESORCINOL	$\log Kow = 0.8$
	-

Mobility in Soil	:	No information available.
Other Adverse Effects	:	No information available.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Product/Packaging Disposal	: This material, as supplied, is not a hazardous waste according to Federal regulation (40 CFR 261). This material could become a hazardous waste if it is mixed with or otherwise comes in contact with a hazardous waste, if chemical additions are made to this material, or if the material is processed or otherwise altered. Consult 40 CFR 261 to determine whether the altered material is a hazardous waste. Consult the appropriate state, regional, or local regulations for additional requirements.
Waste Treatment-Relevant Information Sewage Disposal-Relevant Information	No information available.No information available.
Other Disposal Recommendation	Dispose of contents/containers in accordance with local
*	regulation (refer to Section 15).

Section 14: Transport Information

-	DOT/TDG	IATA/ICAO	IMDG/IMO	
UN Number				
UN Proper Shipping Name	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	
Transport Hazard Classes	Not Regulated			
Packing Group				
DOT: US Department of Transpor				
TDG: UN model regulation of Tra				
IATA/ICAO: International Air Tra				
IMDG/IMO: International Maritin	•		anization	
Environmental Hazards		ation available.		
Special Precautions for User		ation available.		
Transport in Bulk According to Al		ation available.		
II of MARPOL 73/78 and IBC Co	de			
Section 15: Regulatory Information	n			
Safety, Health, and Environmental		r the Product		
International chemical inventor	ies			
Toxic substances control act (T		nents of this product are	either listed or are	
	exempt on the TSCA inventory.			
Domestic Substance list (DSL)	.) : Substances comply or are exempt.			
US Federal Regulation				
Title III of the Superfund Amen				
and Reauthorization act of 1986				
(SARA 313)	a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting			
	requirements of the act and title 40 of the Code of Federal			
	Regulation	s (CFR), Part 372.		
Chemical Name	1	SARA 313 – Thresho	old values (%)	
AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE	1	1.0 as ammonia		
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL		1.0	X7	
SARA 311/312 Hazard Categor			Yes	
	Fire hazard	alth hazard	No	
	File hazard	l	No	

Clean Water Act (CWA

Clean Air Act (CAA)

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		Sudden release of pressure hazard	No
		Reactive hazard	No
A)	:	This product contains the substances	s which are regulated as
		pollutant pursuant to the Clean Wate	er Act (40 CFR 122).
	:	This product does not contain substa	ance which is regulated
		as pollutant pursuant to the Clean A	ir Act (40 CFR 50 - 99).

Comprehensive Environmental **Response Compensation and Liability** Act (CERCLA)

50 - 99). This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (40 CFR 302).

Hazardous Substance	Statutory Code*	RCRA Waste No.	Final RQ Pounds
AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE	1	-	1000 lb (454 kg)
AMMONIUM BICARBONATE	1	-	5000 lb (2270 kg)
RESORCINOL	1,4	U201	5000 lb (2270 kg)

* According to 40 CFR 302, The "Statutory Code" column indicates the statutory source for designating each substance as a CERCLA hazardous substance:

"1" indicates that the statutory source is section 311(b)(2) of the Clean Water Act,

"2" indicates that the source is section 307(a) of the Clean Water Act,

"3" indicates that the source is section 112 of the Clean Air Act, and

"4" indicates that the source is section 3001 of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA). **US State Regulations**

California Hazardous Waste Code : 135 (unspecified aqueous solution)

This product contains one or more substances that are listed with the state of California as hazardous waste.

Chemical Name	California Hazardous Waste Code
AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE	X, C
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	X, I

California Hazardous Waste Code: X - Toxic, C - Corrosive, I - Ignitable, R - reactive

: This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals. California Proposition 65 US State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania	Rhode Island	Illinois
AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE	Х	Х	Х	-	Х
AMMONIUM BICARBONATE	Х	Х	Х	-	Х
LANOLIN	-	-	Х	Х	-
PARAFFIN	Х	Х	Х	Х	-
MINERAL OIL	Х	Х	Х	Х	-
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	Х	Х	Х	Х	-
RESORCINOL	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

Section 16: Other Information

: Health hazard	3
Flammability hazard	0
Instability hazard	0
Special hazards	COR
: Health	3
Flammability	0
Physical hazard	0
Personal protection	Х
	Flammability hazard Instability hazard Special hazards : Health Flammability Physical hazard

Reference

1. Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals Revision 5, 2013

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- 2. National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (http://www.nite.go.jp/en/index.html)
- 3. SDS provided from raw material manufactures
- 4. United States Code (http://uscode.house.gov/browse.xhtml)
 - a) Title 21 Food and Drugs Chapter 9 Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act
 - b) Title 33 Navigation and Navigable Waters Chapter 26 Water Pollution Prevention and Control
 - c) Title 42 The Public Health and Welfare Chapter 85 Air Pollution Prevention and Control
 - d) Title 42 The Public Health and Welfare Chapter 103—Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability
- 5. Code of Federal Regulation (https://www.gpo.gov/)
 - a) 21 CFR parts 700 799 Cosmetics
 - b) 40 CFR Protection of Environment
- 6. US Right-to-Know Regulation
 - a) New Jersey administrative code Title 8 Health Chapter 59 Work and community right to know act rules Appendix A and B
 - b) New Jersey Register Volume 42, Issue 15, 42 N.J.R. 1709(a), August 2, 2010
 - c) Code of Massachusetts Regulations 105 CMR 670.000 Right to know
 - d) The Pennsylvania Code Title 34 Labor and Industry Chapter 323 Hazardous Substance List
 - e) State of Rhode Island General Laws Chapter 28-21 Hazardous Substances Right-to-Know Act
 - f) Rhode Island Hazardous Substance List (http://www.dlt.ri.gov/occusafe/pdfs/HazardousABC.pdf)
 - g) Illinois Chemical Safety Act (430 ILCS 45)
 - h) Hazardous Materials Emergency Act (430 ILCS 50)
 - i) Illinois Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act (430 ILCS 100)
- 7. Domestic Substance List (http://www.ec.gc.ca/LCPE-CEPA/default.asp?lang=En&n=5F213FA8-1)
- 8. TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory (https://www.epa.gov/tsca-inventory)
- 9. International Agency for Research on Cancer (http://www.iarc.fr/)
- 10. American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (http://www.acgih.org/)
- 11. US Environmental Protection Agency (https://www3.epa.gov/)
- 12. US Department of Labor, Occupational Safety and Health Administration (https://www.osha.gov/)
- 13. The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/about/default.html)
- 14. US Department of Health and Human Services, National Toxicology Program (https://ntp.niehs.nih.gov/)
- 15. US Department of Transportation (https://www.transportation.gov/)
- 16. International Air Transport Association (http://www.iata.org/Pages/default.aspx)
- 17. International Civil Aviation Organization (http://www.icao.int/Pages/default.aspx
- International Maritime Organization (http://www.imo.org/en/Publications/IMDGCode/Pages/Default.aspx)
- 19. California Environmental Protection Agency (http://oehha.ca.gov/)
- 20. National Fire Protection Association (http://www.nfpa.org/)

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