Section 1: Identification

Safety Data Sheet

2020/3/31

|--|

1.1 Product identification		
Product identifier	:	Mixture
Product name	:	PROMASTER (Z) HY-9 [Colorant]
Product code	:	Not available
Recommended uses	:	Cosmetics - Hair Coloring Product
Restrictions on uses	:	No information available
1.2 Identification of company		
Manufacturer/Supplier name	:	Hoyu America Co.
Division	:	
Address	:	6265 Phyllis Drive Cypress, CA 90630 US
Telephone number	:	714-230-3000
FAX number	:	714-230-3060
E-mail	:	info@hoyu-usa.com
1.3 Emergency telephone number	:	1-800-848-4980
1.4 Reference number	:	20-0054(US)

Section 2: Hazard Identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture		
2.1.1 Physico-Chemical hazard		
Flammable Solids	:	Not classified
2.1.2 Health Hazard		
Acute toxicity (Oral)	:	Not classified
Acute toxicity (Dermal)	:	Not classified
Skin corrosion/irritation	:	Category 1
Serious eye damage/irritation	:	Category 1
Skin sensitization	:	Category 1
Reproductive toxicity	:	Not classified
Aspiration hazard	:	Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	:	Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	:	Not classified
2.1.2 Engineering and all Hanned		

2.1.3 Environmental Hazard

* For those not listed on "2.1 Classification of the Substance or Mixture" are either "Not Applicable" or "Classification not Possible."

* Hazard identification is made according to the 2012 OSHA communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1210) and GHS rev. 7.

2.2 Label Element

Hazard Pictograms

:

Signal Word	Danger	
Hazard Statement	H314	Cause severe skin burns and eye damage.
	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	H318	Causes serious eye damage.
	H370	Causes damage to organs Central Nervous System,
Precautionary Statement		Respiratory Tract.
General Precautions	P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
	P102	Keep out of reach of children.

	P103	Read label before use.
Preventions :	P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
	P264	Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly
		after handling.
	P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye
		protection/face protection.
	P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed
		out of the workplace.
	P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Responses :	P301+P330+	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce
	P331	vomiting.
	P303+P361+	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all
	P353	contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or
		shower.
	P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
	P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep
		comfortable for breathing.
	P316	Get emergency medical help immediately.
	P321	Specific treatment (see section 4 on this SDS).
	P305+P354+	IF IN EYES: Immediately rinse with water for
	P338	several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present
		and easy to do. Continue Rinsing.
	P317	Get medical help.
	P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
	P333+P317	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical help.
	P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before
		reuse.
	P308+P316	IF exposed or concerned: Get emergency medical
		help immediately.
Storage :	P405	Store locked up.
Disposal :	P501	Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste
		disposal plant in accordance with
		local/regional/national/international regulations.
1 1		

2.3 Other hazards

2.6% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (oral).

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause allergic reactions with susceptible persons. Use of alcoholic beverages may enhance toxic effects.

Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

3.1 Substance :		
Chemical Name	CAS No.	Concentration (w/w %)
Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
3.2 Mixtures :		
Chemical Name	CAS No.	Concentration (w/w %)
PEG-32	25322-68-3	5 - 10
CETETH-30	68439-49-6	5 - 10
AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE	1336-21-6	1 - 5
STEARETH-2	9005-00-9	1 - 5
BEHENTRIMONIUM CHLORIDE	68607-24-9	1 - 5
PARAFFIN	8002-74-2	1 - 5
LANOLIN	8006-54-0	1 - 5

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4-NITRO-0-PHENYLENEDIAMINE	99-56-9	0.1 - 1
MINERAL OIL	8042-47-5	0.1 - 1
ASCORBIC ACID	50-81-7	0.1 - 1
	71750-79-3,	
AMODIMETHICONE	106842-44-8,	0.1 - 1
	68554-54-1	
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	67-63-0	0.1 - 1
POLYQUATERNIUM-4	92183-41-0	0.1 - 1
FRAGRANCE	N.A.	0.1 - 1
SODIUM SULFITE	7757-83-7	0.1 - 1

Section 4 : First-aid Measures

4.1 Description of First Aid Measures

4.1 Description of thist Ald Measures					
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Get medical attention immediately if symptoms occur.				
Skin Contact	: Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. May cause an allergic skin reaction. In the case of skin irritation or allergic reactions see a physician.				
Eye Contact	: Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes keep eye wide open while rinsing. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Do not rub affected area. Seek immediate medical attention/advice.				
Ingestion	: Rinse mouth immediately and drink plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. DO NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician.				
4.2 Most Important	Symptoms/Effects				
Acute	: Burning sensation, itching, rashes, and/or hives.				
Delayed	: Burning sensation, itching, rashes, and/or hives.				

4.3 Protection for Person who gives First-Aids

Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear personal protective clothing (see section 8).

4.4 Indication of Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required. May cause sensitization of susceptible persons. Treat symptomatically.

Section 5: Fire-Fighting Measures

5.1 Extinguishing Media		
Suitable Extinguishing Media	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Inappropriate Extinguish Media	:	No information available.
5.2 Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemicals	:	Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.
5.3 Special Extinguishing Method	:	Sensitivity to mechanical impact: No Sensitivity to static discharge: No
5.4 Special Protective Actions for Fire-fighter	:	As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

6.1 Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

0.1		49	ipinent una Emergeney i recountes
	Protective Equipment	:	Refer to protective measures listed in Section 7 and 8. Prevent
			further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
	Appropriate Procedure	:	Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Ensure adequate
			ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required.
	Emergency Procedure	:	Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

6.2 Environmental Precautions	:	Refer to protective measures listed in Section 7 and 8. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
6.3 Methods and Materials for Conta	inn	nent and Cleaning up
For Containment	:	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
For Cleaning up	:	Soak up with inert absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers.
Other Information	:	Not available
Section 7: Handling and Storage 7.1 Precautions for Safe Handling		
General Precautions	:	Use personal protection equipment. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
General Hygiene	:	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
7.2 Conditions for Safe Storage		
General Information	:	Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store locked up. Keep out of the reach of children.
Storage Conditions	:	Do not store with strong acids, strong oxidizing agents and/or strong bases.
Other Information	:	Not available

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

8.1 Occupational Exposure Limits :

Occupational Exposure I				
Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	NIOSH IDLH	NIOSH REL	OSHA PEL
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	TWA : 200 ppm, ST : 400 ppm	2000 ppm [10%LEL]	TWA: 400 ppm (980 mg/m ³), ST: 500 ppm (1225 mg/m ³)	TWA: 400 ppm (980 mg/m ³)
PARAFFIN	-	-	TWA : 2 mg/m^3	-
MINERAL OIL	TWA : 5 mg/m ³ (IHL; excluding metal working fluids, pure highly and severely refined) (For poorly and mildly refined: exposure by all routes should be carefully controlled to levels as low as possible.)	2500 mg/m ³	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , ST 10 mg/m ³	TWA: 5 mg/m ³

ACGIH TLV: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists – Threshold limit value. OSHA PEL: Occupational safety and Health Administration – Permissible Exposure Limits Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health.

NIOSH IDLH: The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health – Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations.

8.2 Engineering Controls

: Showers Eyewash station Ventilation system

8.3 Individual Protection Measures Eye/Face Protection

: Tight sealing safety goggles.

Skin Protection	: Wear protective gloves and protective clothing. Long sleeved clothing. Impervious gloves.
Respiratory Protection	: No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions. If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, ventilation and evacuation may be required.
Thermal Hazard	: Not available
Other Requirements	: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the products.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

ection 7. I hysical and Chemical I toper in	13		
Physical State	:	Solid (Cream)	
Color	:	Orange to orangish brown	
Odor	:	Characteristic odor	
pH	:	10.0 - 11.0	pH meter (1% aq. sol.)
Melting/Freezing Point	:	No data available	Not known
Initial Boiling Point and Boiling Range	:	No data available	Not known
Flash Point	:	No data available	Not known
Evaporation Rate	:	No data available	Not known
Flammability (Solid, Gas)	:	Not meet a criteria under burning rate test by judging from the product composition	Not known
Upper/lower Flammability or Explosive Limits	:	No data available	Not known
Vapor Pressure	:	No data available	Not known
Density	:	No data available	Not known
Relative Vapor Density	:	No data available	Not known
Solubility	:	Completely soluble in water	Not known
Partition Coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	No data available	Not known
Autoignition temperature	:	No data available	Not known
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available	Not known
Viscosity	:	25000 - 45000 mPa•s	Type B viscometer (No. 4 rotor/12 rpm/1 min)
Kinetic viscosity	:	No data available	Not known
Particle characteristics	:	No data available	Not known
Explosive property	:	No data available	Not known
Oxidizing property	:	No	
VOC contents (%)	:	No data available	
Other Information	:	No information available	

Reactivity :	No data available
Chemical Stability :	Stable under recommended storage conditions.
Possibility of Hazardous Reactions :	None under normal processing.
Conditions to Avoid :	None known
Incompatible Materials :	Oxidative agent and acid materials.
Hazardous Decomposition Products :	Carbon oxides, ammonia, and/or nitrogen oxide.

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Section 11: Toxicological Information

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

Information on Toxicological Effects Acute Toxicity NE

NE

NE

NE

NE

CETETH-30

Safety Data Sheet

LD50(oral, rat) = 1260 mg/kg

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AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE LD50(oral, rat) = 350 mg/kgLD50(oral, rat) = 25000 mg/kg STEARETH-2 LD50(oral, rat) = 1000 mg/kgBEHENTRIMONIUM CHLORIDE 4-NITRO-o-PHENYLENEDIAMI LD50(oral, rat) = 681 mg/kgSkin Corrosion/Irritation : Moderate irritation (Draize, Rabbit, RTECS). CETETH-30 AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE Corrosive (rabbit, 20 % aq. Sol.) (SIDS 2008). BEHENTRIMONIUM Corrosive to skin. Low concentration solution (1%) causes skin CHLORIDE irritation, and high concentration solutions ($\geq 10\%$) may cause inflammation, rash, etc. 4-NITRO-o-PHENYLENEDIAMI Irritant. AMODIMETHICONE Causes skin irritation. FRAGRANCE No information available Serious Eye Damage/Irritation **PEG-32** Mild irritant (rabbit), but recovered within 24 to 48 hrs. CETETH-30 Moderate irritation (Draize, Rabbit, RTECS). Corrosive (rabbit, 28.5 % aq. Sol.) (HSDB (Access on June AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE 2014)). BEHENTRIMONIUM Low concentration solution (0.1 - 1%) is strongly irritant to CHLORIDE eyes, and high concentration solutions ($\geq 10\%$) may cause severe burnings with turbidity or angiogenesis. PARAFFIN Slightly or mild irritant (rabbit, IUCLID, 2000 and RTECS, 2008). No specific information given on the SDS from manufacturer. 4-NITRO-o-PHENYLENEDIAMI AMODIMETHICONE Causes serious eye damage. Mild to strong irritation (rabbit) (EHC, 1990, SIDS, 2002, ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL PATTY 6th, 2012, and ECETOC TR48, 1998). FRAGRANCE No information available SODIUM SULFITE Causes eye irritation. Slight irritation on rabbit eyes. Respiratory or Skin Sensitization 4-NITRO-o-PHENYLENEDIAMI May cause sensitization by skin contact. FRAGRANCE No information available Germ Cell Mutagenicity No information available Carcinogenicity No information available **Reproductive Toxicity** ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL Two generation test on rat by oral exposure showed decrease in copulation rate on parent and decrease in weight and increase in death rate (PATTY 6th, 2012 and SIDS (2002)). STOT - Single Exposure 4-NITRO-o-PHENYLENEDIAMI May cause respiratory irritation. AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE There is known neurological effect due to oral and dermal exposure, which normally limited to blurred vision on topically applied region, but severe exposure causes increase in concentration of blood ammonia, attack, coma, nonspecific diffuse brain disorder, loss in muscle strength, decreased deep tendon reflex, loss of consciousness, and death (ATSDR,

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ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	2004). This substance has a respiratory irritation and causes severe irritation and pain on airway mucosa. Also, severe corrosive effects are known for mouth, throat and stomach by oral route (HSDB, 2014). This substance showed systematic hazardous effect including the central nervous depression such as lethargy, coma and respiratory depression, irritation on the alimentary canal, effect on the circulatory system such as blood pressure, body temperature decrease, and abnormal cardiac rhythm (SIDS (2002), EHC 103 (1990)).					
PARAFFIN	Wax fume is mile (PATTY5th, 200	•	s, nose, and thro	at		
STOT – Repeated Exposure :						
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	Vapor exposure of decrease in number effect on organs tract, liver and sp Effects on liver a test using rat (IU exposure on rat (ber of leucocyte of respiration su bleen at 500 mg/ and mesenteric m CLID, 2000) an	at 100 mg/m ³ , a tich as lung and r /m ³ (EHC 103 (1 tode by repeated d on lung due to	nd pathologic espiratory 990)). oral exposure		
Aspiration Hazard :	enposure on rue (00111 (10, 201	-).			
MINERAL OIL	Inholation of ail	an liquid to lung	mary aguas limit	l an abamical		
MINERAL OIL	Inhalation of oil			i of chemical		
	pneumonia and/o	or lipid granulon	na.			
Information on the Likely Routes of Expos						
Inhalation :	: Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available.					
	May cause irritat	tion of respirator	ry tract.			
Eye contact :	Specific test data	for the substan	ce or mixture is	not available.		
5	Expected to be a					
	irritating to eyes.					
	May cause irreve			y cause builts.		
Skin contact :				not ovoilable		
Skin contact .			e substance or mixture is not available. ritation based on components. Irritating to			
	skin. Prolonged					
Ingestion :	Specific test data					
	Ingestion may ca			•		
	may cause gastro	ointestinal irritat	ion, nausea, von	niting and		
	diarrhea. May be	harmful if swal	llowed (based or	n components).		
Symptoms related to the Physical, :	Erythema (skin r	edness). May ca	use redness and	tearing of the		
Chemical and Toxicological	eyes. May cause					
Characteristics	hives.		3,			
Delayed, Immediate, and Chronic :	May cause sensit	tization of susce	ntible persons N	Aav cause		
Effects from Short and Long Term	sensitization by s		puble persons. I	iuy cuuse		
	sensitization by s	skin contact.				
Exposure	The table is all	indicator le st	an aa ah a 1	an linted		
Carcinogenicity :	: The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any					
	ingredient as car	<u> </u>		0.075		
Chemical Name	ACGIH IARC NTP OSHA					
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	A4 Group 3					
4 NITDO - DHENVLENEDIAMINE	1	C	1			

MINERAL OIL Group 3 _ ACGIH: A1 - Confirmed human carcinogen, A2 - Suspected human carcinogen, A3 - Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans, A4 - Not classifiable as a human carcinogen, A5 - Not suspected as a human carcinogen

-

4-NITRO-o-PHENYLENEDIAMINE

Group 3

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IARC: International Agency for Research and Cancer (Group 1 - Carcinogenic to humans, Group 2A -Probably Carcinogenic to humans, Group 2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans, Group 3 - Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity in humans, Group 4 – Probably not carcinogenic to humans)

NTP: National Toxicology Program (NA = none assigned, Known = Known to be a human carcinogen, RAHC = Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen) Other Information : No information available.

Section 12: Ecological Information Toxicity on Aquatic Organisms	
AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE	LC50 (Mysidopsis bahia, 96 hrs.) = $2.81 - 98.9$ mg total NH ₃ /L (SIDS, 2007)
BEHENTRIMONIUM CHLORIDE	EC50(Daphnia magna, 48 hrs.) = 0.16 mg/kg
POLYQUATERNIUM-4	No information available
FRAGRANCE	No specific information given on the SDS from manufacturer.
Toxicity on Terrestrial Organisms :	No information available.
Persistence and Degradability :	
BEHENTRIMONIUM CHLORIDE	BOD=0 %
MINERAL OIL	Persistent (IUCLID, 2000)
POLYQUATERNIUM-4	No information available
Bioaccumulative Potential :	
BEHENTRIMONIUM CHLORIDE	Low bioaccumulation
MINERAL OIL	Log Pow > 6 (IUCLID, 2000)
POLYQUATERNIUM-4	No information available
Mobility in Soil :	No information available.
Other Adverse Effects :	No information available.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Section 10. Disposal Consider ations		
Product/Packaging Disposal	according could bec otherwise chemical material i 261 to de waste. Co	erial, as supplied, is not a hazardous waste g to Federal regulation (40 CFR 261). This material come a hazardous waste if it is mixed with or e comes in contact with a hazardous waste, if additions are made to this material, or if the s processed or otherwise altered. Consult 40 CFR termine whether the altered material is a hazardous onsult the appropriate state, regional, or local as for additional requirements.
Waste Treatment-Relevant Information	No inform	nation available.
Sewage Disposal-Relevant Information	No inform	nation available.
Other Disposal Recommendation	1	of contents/containers in accordance with local n (refer to Section 15).

Section 14: Transport Information

	DOT/TDG	IATA/ICAO	IMDG/IMO
UN Number	3147	3147	3147
UN Proper Shipping Name	DYE. SOLID,	DYE. SOLID,	DYE. SOLID,
	CORROSIVE,	CORROSIVE,	CORROSIVE,
	N.O.S.	N.O.S.	N.O.S.
Transport Hazard Classes	Class 8 Corrosive	Class 8 Corrosive	Class 8 Corrosive
	Substances	Substances	Substances
Packing Group	group III	group III	group III

DOT: US Department of Transportation

TDG: UN model regulation of Transport of Dangerous Goods

IATA/ICAO: International Air Transport Association/International Civil Aviation Organization

MDG/IMO: International Maritime	Dangerous	Goods/Internatio	onal Maritime Organ	nization	
Invironmental Hazards		No information a			
pecial Precautions for User		No information a			
ransport in Bulk According to ANN		No information a			
of MARPOL 73/78 and IBC Code	LA .		vallable.		
of MARIOL 75/78 and IDC Couc					
tion 15: Regulatory Information	1		. 1 /		
afety, Health, and Environmental Re	egulations	Specific for the F	roduct		
International chemical inventories					
Toxic substances control act (TSC			of this product are e	ither listed c	or are
		exempt on the TS			
Domestic Substance list (DSL)	:	Substances comp	ly or are exempt.		
US Federal Regulation					
Title III of the Superfund Amendm			tle III of the Superf		
and Reauthorization act of 1986			act of 1986 (SARA)		
(SARA 313)			emicals which are su		
			he act and title 40 o	of the Code of	of Federal
		Regulations (CFI			
Chemical Name			ARA 313 – Thresho	ld values (%)
AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE			0 as ammonia	X	/
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL		1.			
SARA 311/312 Hazard Category	•	Acute health haz		Yes	
Shird Shirs 12 Hazard Cutogory		Chronic health h		No	
		Fire hazard	uzuru	No	
			f pressure hazard	No	
		Reactive hazard	i pressure nazaru	No	
Clean Water Act (CWA)			toing the substances		agulated as
Clean Water Act (CWA)			tains the substances		
$(1, \dots, \Lambda; \Lambda \to ((0, \Lambda)))$			it to the Clean Wate		
Clean Air Act (CAA)			s not contain substa		
			ant to the Clean Ai		
Comprehensive Environmental		: This material, as supplied, does not contain substance regulated as hazardous substance under the Comprehensive			
Response Compensation and Liabi					
Act (CERCLA)			esponse Compensat	tion and Lial	bility Act
		(40 CFR 302).			
Hazardous Substance		Statutory Code*	RCRA Waste No		Q Pounds
AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE		1	-		o (454 kg)
* According to 40 CFR 302, The "	Statutory (Code" column in	licates the statutory	source for c	lesignating
each substance as a CERCLA haza	ardous sub	stance:			
"1" indicates that the statutory sou	rce is secti	ion 311(b)(2) of t	he Clean Water Act		
"2" indicates that the source is sec	tion 307(a)) of the Clean Wa	iter Act,		
"3" indicates that the source is sec					
"4" indicates that the source is sec				covery Act	(RCRA).
US State Regulations				5	、 /·
California Hazardous Waste Code	•	135 (unspecified	aqueous solution)		
This product contains one or more				fornia as haz	vardous
waste.	Substance		in the state of can	lorina as na	luiuous
Chemical Name		Californ	ia Hazardous Waste	e Code	
AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE				code	
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL		X, C X, I			
	N T '		I		
California Hazardous Waste Code:					
California Proposition 65		This product doe	s not contain any Pr	oposition 65	chemicals.
US State Right-to-Know Regulation				D1. 1	
Chemical name	New	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania	Rhode	Illinois
	Jersey			Island	

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AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE	Х	Х	Х	-	Х
LANOLIN	-	-	Х	Х	-
PARAFFIN	Х	Х	Х	Х	-
MINERAL OIL	Х	Х	Х	Х	-
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	Х	Х	Х	Х	-

Section 16: Other Information

NFPA (National Fire Protection	: Health hazard	3
Association Code)	Flammability hazard	0
	Instability hazard	0
	Special hazards	COR
HMIS (Hazardous Materials	: Health	3
Identification System)	Flammability	0
	Physical hazard	0
	Personal protection	Х

Reference

- 1. Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals Revision 5, 2013
- 2. National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (http://www.nite.go.jp/en/index.html)
- 3. SDS provided from raw material manufactures
- 4. United States Code (http://uscode.house.gov/browse.xhtml)
 - a) Title 21 Food and Drugs Chapter 9 Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act
 - b) Title 33 Navigation and Navigable Waters Chapter 26 Water Pollution Prevention and Control
 - c) Title 42 The Public Health and Welfare Chapter 85 Air Pollution Prevention and Control
 - d) Title 42 The Public Health and Welfare Chapter 103—Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability
- 5. Code of Federal Regulation (https://www.gpo.gov/)
 - a) 21 CFR parts 700 799 Cosmetics
 - b) 40 CFR Protection of Environment
- 6. US Right-to-Know Regulation
 - a) New Jersey administrative code Title 8 Health Chapter 59 Work and community right to know act rules Appendix A and B
 - b) New Jersey Register Volume 42, Issue 15, 42 N.J.R. 1709(a), August 2, 2010
 - c) Code of Massachusetts Regulations 105 CMR 670.000 Right to know
 - d) The Pennsylvania Code Title 34 Labor and Industry Chapter 323 Hazardous Substance List
 - e) State of Rhode Island General Laws Chapter 28-21 Hazardous Substances Right-to-Know Act
 - f) Rhode Island Hazardous Substance List (http://www.dlt.ri.gov/occusafe/pdfs/HazardousABC.pdf)
 - g) Illinois Chemical Safety Act (430 ILCS 45)
 - h) Hazardous Materials Emergency Act (430 ILCS 50)
 - i) Illinois Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act (430 ILCS 100)
- 7. Domestic Substance List (http://www.ec.gc.ca/LCPE-CEPA/default.asp?lang=En&n=5F213FA8-1)
- 8. TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory (https://www.epa.gov/tsca-inventory)
- 9. International Agency for Research on Cancer (http://www.iarc.fr/)
- 10. American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (http://www.acgih.org/)
- 11. US Environmental Protection Agency (https://www3.epa.gov/)
- 12. US Department of Labor, Occupational Safety and Health Administration (https://www.osha.gov/)
- 13. The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/about/default.html)
- 14. US Department of Health and Human Services, National Toxicology Program (https://ntp.niehs.nih.gov/)
- 15. US Department of Transportation (https://www.transportation.gov/)
- 16. International Air Transport Association (http://www.iata.org/Pages/default.aspx)
- 17. International Civil Aviation Organization (http://www.icao.int/Pages/default.aspx

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18. International Maritime Organization

- (http://www.imo.org/en/Publications/IMDGCode/Pages/Default.aspx)
- 19. California Environmental Protection Agency (http://oehha.ca.gov/)
- 20. National Fire Protection Association (http://www.nfpa.org/)

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