Section 1: Identification

Safety Data Sheet

2020/3/31

Page	1	of	12	

1.1 Product identification Product identifier		Mixture
	•	
Product name	:	PROMASTER(Z) M-10/12 [Colorant]
Product code	:	Not available
Recommended uses	:	Cosmetics - Hair Coloring Product
Restrictions on uses		No information available
1.2 Identification of company		
Manufacturer/Supplier name	:	Hoyu America Co.
Division	:	
Address	:	6265 Phyllis Drive Cypress, CA 90630 US
Telephone number	:	714-230-3000
FAX number	:	714-230-3060
E-mail	:	info@hoyu-usa.com
1.3 Emergency telephone number	:	1-800-848-4980
1.4 Reference number	:	20-0024(US)
	•	20 0021(00)
Section 2: Hazard Identification		

S 2.

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture		
2.1.1 Physico-Chemical hazard		
Flammable Solids	:	Not classified
2.1.2 Health Hazard		
Acute toxicity (Oral)	:	Not classified
Acute toxicity (Dermal)	:	Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation: dusts/mists)	:	Not classified
Skin corrosion/irritation	:	Category 1
Serious eye damage/irritation	:	Category 1
Skin sensitization	:	Category 1
Reproductive toxicity	:	Not classified
Aspiration hazard	:	Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	:	Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	:	Not classified
2.1.3 Environmental Hazard		

* For those not listed on "2.1 Classification of the Substance or Mixture" are either "Not Applicable" or "Classification not Possible."

* Hazard identification is made according to the 2012 OSHA communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1210) and GHS rev. 7.

2.2 Label Element

Hazard Pictograms	:		
Signal Word Hazard Statement	:	Danger H314	Cause severe skin burns and eye damage.
		H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
		H318	Causes serious eye damage.
		H370	Causes damage to organs Central Nervous System, Respiratory Tract.
Precautionary Statement			
General Precautions	:	P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Issue Date: Revised Date: Page 2 of 12

2020/3/31

	P102	Keep out of reach of children.
	P103	Read label before use.
Preventions	: P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
	P264	Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly
		after handling.
	P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye
		protection/face protection.
	P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed
		out of the workplace.
	P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Responses	: P301+P330+	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce
	P331	vomiting.
	P303+P361+	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all
	P353	contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or
	1000	shower.
	P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
	P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep
	1001 1010	comfortable for breathing.
	P316	Get emergency medical help immediately.
	P321	Specific treatment (see section 4 on this SDS).
	P305+P354+	IF IN EYES: Immediately rinse with water for
	P338	several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present
	1550	and easy to do. Continue Rinsing.
	P317	Get medical help.
	P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
	P302+P352 P333+P317	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical help.
	P362+P364	
	P302+P304	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before
	D200+D21(reuse.
	P308+P316	IF exposed or concerned: Get emergency medical
C.	D405	help immediately.
Storage	: P405	Store locked up.
Disposal	: P501	Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste
		disposal plant in accordance with
		local/regional/national/international regulations.

2.3 Other hazards

2.65% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (oral). Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause allergic reactions with susceptible persons. Use of alcoholic beverages may enhance toxic effects.

Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

3.1 Substance

	Chemical Name	CAS No.	Concentration (w/w %)
	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
3.2	Mixtures :		
	Chemical Name	CAS No.	Concentration (w/w %)
	PEG-32	25322-68-3	10 - 20
	CETETH-30	68439-49-6	5 - 10
	AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE	1336-21-6	1 - 5
	STEARETH-2	9005-00-9	1 - 5
	BEHENTRIMONIUM CHLORIDE	68607-24-9	1 - 5
	AMMONIUM BICARBONATE	1066-33-7	1 - 5

Issue Date: 2020/3/31 Revised Date:

Page 3 of 12

LANOLIN	8006-54-0	1 - 5
PARAFFIN	8002-74-2	1 - 5
MINERAL OIL	8042-47-5	0.1 - 1
ASCORBIC ACID	50-81-7	0.1 - 1
	71750-79-3,	
AMODIMETHICONE	106842-44-8,	0.1 - 1
	68554-54-1	
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	67-63-0	0.1 - 1
FRAGRANCE	N.A.	0.1 - 1
POLYQUATERNIUM-4	92183-41-0	0.1 - 1
RESORCINOL	108-46-3	0.1 - 1
TOLUENE-2,5-DIAMINE SULFATE	6369-59-1	0.1 - 1
SODIUM SULFITE	7757-83-7	0.1 - 1

Section 4 : First-aid Measures

4.1 Description of First Aid Measures

· · · · ·				
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Get medical attention immediately if symptoms occur.			
Skin Contact	: Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. May			
	cause an allergic skin reaction. In the case of skin irritation or allergic reactions			
	see a physician.			
Eye Contact	: Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15			
-	minutes keep eye wide open while rinsing. Remove contact lenses, if present and			
	easy to do. Continue rinsing. Do not rub affected area. Seek immediate medical			
	attention/advice.			
Ingestion	: Rinse mouth immediately and drink plenty of water. Never give anything by			
C	mouth to an unconscious person. DO NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician.			
4.2 Most Important Symptoms/Effects				
Acute	: Burning sensation, itching, rashes, and/or hives.			

Delayed : Burning sensation, itching, rashes, and/or hives.

4.3 Protection for Person who gives First-Aids

Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear personal protective clothing (see section 8).

4.4 Indication of Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required. May cause sensitization of susceptible persons. Treat symptomatically.

Section 5: Fire-Fighting Measures

5.1 Extinguishing Media

5.1 Extinguishing foreatu		
Suitable Extinguishing Media	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Inappropriate Extinguish Media	:	No information available.
5.2 Specific Hazards Arising from	:	Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and
the Chemicals		vapors.
5.3 Special Extinguishing Method	:	Sensitivity to mechanical impact: No
		Sensitivity to static discharge: No
5.4 Special Protective Actions for	:	As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus
Fire-fighter		pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and
		full protective gear.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

6.1 Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

Protective Equipment	: Refer to protective measures listed in Section 7 and 8. Prevent
	further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Appropriate Procedure Emergency Procedure 6.2 Environmental Precautions	 Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Refer to protective measures listed in Section 7 and 8. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
6.3 Methods and Materials for Cont	
For Containment	: Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
For Cleaning up	: Soak up with inert absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers.
Other Information	: Not available
Section 7: Handling and Storage 7.1 Precautions for Safe Handling	
General Precautions	: Use personal protection equipment. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
General Hygiene	: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
7.2 Conditions for Safe Storage	
General Information	: Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store locked up. Keep out of the reach of children.
Storage Conditions	: Do not store with strong acids, strong oxidizing agents and/or strong bases.
Other Information	: Not available

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

8.1 Occupational Exposure Limits :

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	NIOSH IDLH	NIOSH REL	OSHA PEL
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	TWA : 200 ppm, ST : 400 ppm	2000 ppm [10%LEL]	TWA: 400 ppm (980 mg/m ³), ST: 500 ppm (1225 mg/m ³)	TWA: 400 ppm (980 mg/m ³)
PARAFFIN	-	-	TWA:2 mg/m3	-
RESORCINOL	-	-	TWA: 10 ppm (45 mg/m ³), ST: 20 ppm (90 mg/m ³)	-
MINERAL OIL	TWA : 5 mg/m ³ (IHL; excluding metal working fluids, pure highly and severely refined) (For poorly and mildly refined: exposure by all routes should be carefully controlled to levels as low as possible.)	2500 mg/m ³	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , ST 10 mg/m ³	TWA: 5 mg/m ³

ACGIH TLV: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists – Threshold limit value. OSHA PEL: Occupational safety and Health Administration – Permissible Exposure Limits Immediately

Dangerous to Life or Health. NIOSH IDLH: The National Insti Life or Health Concentrations.	tute for Occupational Safety and Health – Immediately Dangerous to
8.2 Engineering Controls	: Showers Eyewash station Ventilation system
8.3 Individual Protection Measures	,
Eye/Face Protection	: Tight sealing safety goggles.
Skin Protection	: Wear protective gloves and protective clothing. Long sleeved clothing. Impervious gloves.
Respiratory Protection	: No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions. If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, ventilation and evacuation may be required.
Thermal Hazard	: Not available
Other Requirements	: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the products.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

section 9.1 hysical and Chemical 1 toper the			
Physical State	:	Cream	
Color	:	Yellow to yellowish brown	
Odor	:	Characteristic odor	
pH	:	9.5 - 10.5	pH meter (1% aq. sol.)
Melting/Freezing Point	:	No data available	Not known
Initial Boiling Point and Boiling Range	:	No data available	Not known
Flash Point	:	No data available	Not known
Evaporation Rate	:	No data available	Not known
Flammability (Solid, Gas)	:	Not meet a criteria under burning rate test by judging from the product composition	Not known
Upper/lower Flammability or Explosive Limits	:	No data available	Not known
Vapor Pressure	:	No data available	Not known
Density	:	No data available	Not known
Relative Vapor Density	:	No data available	Not known
Solubility	:	Completely soluble in water	Not known
Partition Coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	No data available	Not known
Autoignition temperature	:	No data available	Not known
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available	Not known
Viscosity	:	60000 - 90000	Type B viscometer (No.4 rotor/6 rpm/1 min)
Kinetic viscosity	:	No data available	Not known
Particle characteristics	:	No data available	Not known
Explosive property	:	No data available	Not known
Oxidizing property	:	No	
VOC contents (%)	:	No data available	
Other Information	:	No information available	

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity Chemical Stability : No data available

: Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Issue Date: 2 Revised Date:

2020/3/31

Page 6 of 12

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions Conditions to Avoid Incompatible Materials	 None under normal processing. None known Oxidative agent and acid materials.
Hazardous Decomposition Products	: Carbon oxides, ammonia, and/or nitrogen oxide.
Section 11: Toxicological Information Information on Toxicological Effects Acute Toxicity :	
AMMONIUM BICARBONATE	LD50(oral, rat) = 1576 mg/kg
AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE BEHENTRIMONIUM CHLORIDE	LD50(oral, rat) = 350 mg/kg LD50(oral, rat) = 1000 mg/kg
CETETH-30	LD50(oral, rat) = 1260 mg/kg
STEARETH-2	LD50(oral, rat) = 25000 mg/kg
RESORCINOL	LD50(oral, rat) = 301 mg/kg LD50(oral, rat) = 98 mg/kg
TOLUENE-2,5-DIAMINE SULFATE	$LD30(01a1, 1a1) = 98 \ln g/kg$
Skin Corrosion/Irritation :	
AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE	Corrosive (rabbit, 20 % aq. Sol.) (SIDS 2008).
AMODIMETHICONE BEHENTRIMONIUM	Causes skin irritation. Corrosive to skin. Low concentration solution (1%) causes skin
CHLORIDE	irritation, and high concentration solutions ($\geq 10\%$) may cause
	inflammation, rash, etc. $(=10,0)$ may equate
CETETH-30	Moderate irritation (Draize, Rabbit, RTECS).
FRAGRANCE	No information available
RESORCINOL	In the skin irritation test in which this substance was applied to rabbits for 24 hours, there were reports of skin irritation scores 4.4 and 5.4, and scars and necrosis of the necrotic part were observed 14 days after application (SIDS (2009), DFGOT vol. 20 (2003), CICAD 71 (2006)). In addition to reports that epidemiological investigations of 268 human subjects showed a direct relationship between the occurrence of dermatitis and this substance exposure (NTP TR
	403 (1992), ACGIH (7 th, 2001)) . Multiple dermatitis due to this substance exposure has been reported (SIDS (2009), PATTY (6 th, 2012)).
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation :	
AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE	Corrosive (rabbit, 28.5 % aq. Sol.) (HSDB (Access on June 2014)).
AMODIMETHICONE BEHENTRIMONIUM	Causes serious eye damage. Low concentration solution (0.1 - 1%) is strongly irritant to
CHLORIDE	eves, and high concentration solutions ($\ge 10\%$) may cause
	severe burnings with turbidity or angiogenesis.
CETETH-30	Moderate irritation (Draize, Rabbit, RTECS).
FRAGRANCE	No information available
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL PARAFFIN	Mild to strong irritation (rabbit) (EHC, 1990, SIDS, 2002, PATTY 6th, 2012, and ECETOC TR48, 1998). Slightly or mild irritant (rabbit, IUCLID, 2000 and RTECS,
	2008).
PEG-32	Mild irritant (rabbit), but recovered within 24 to 48 hrs.
SODIUM SULFITE RESORCINOL	Causes eye irritation. Slight irritation on rabbit eyes. In the eye irritation test using rabbit, there are reports that non-recovering conjunctivitis, iritis, corneal opacity occurred (SIDS (2009)). Also there were reports that nonrecorescious

Safety Data Sheet Issue Date: Revised Date:

Page 7 of 12

TOLUENE-2,5-DIAMINE SULFATE Respiratory or Skin Sensitization FRAGRANCE RESORCINOL	 ulcer has developed (ACGIH (7th, 2001)). In addition, the irritation score is reported as 39.9-56.3 and 105 (maximum value 110) (SIDS (2009), CICAD 71 (2006)). In the test using rabbits, "mild response to conjunctiva" was observed (HSDB, 2002). No information available There was a report that the positive rate was seen to be 30% or more in skin sensitization test using guinea pig (OECD TG 406, GLP compliant) (SIDS (2009), DFGOT vol. 20 (2003)).
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	: No information available
Carcinogenicity	: No information available
Reproductive Toxicity ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	: Two generation test on rat by oral exposure showed decrease in copulation rate on parent and decrease in weight and increase in death rate (PATTY 6th, 2012 and SIDS (2002)).
STOT – Single Exposure AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE	: There is known neurological effect due to oral and dermal exposure, which normally limited to blurred vision on topically applied region, but severe exposure causes increase in concentration of blood ammonia, attack, coma, nonspecific diffuse brain disorder, loss in muscle strength, decreased deep tendon reflex, loss of consciousness, and death (ATSDR, 2004). This substance has a respiratory irritation and causes severe irritation and pain on airway mucosa. Also, severe corrosive effects are known for mouth, throat and stomach by oral route (HSDB, 2014).
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	This substance showed systematic hazardous effect including the central nervous depression such as lethargy, coma and respiratory depression, irritation on the alimentary canal, effect on the circulatory system such as blood pressure, body temperature decrease, and abnormal cardiac rhythm (SIDS (2002), EHC 103 (1990)).
PARAFFIN	Wax fume is mild irritant on eyes, nose, and throat (PATTY5th, 2001)
RESORCINOL	This substance has multiple human poisoning cases. After using ointment or cream (50% of this substance, 100 g) for the treatment of skin diseases, methemoglobinemia, cyanosis, convulsions due to loss of consciousness, tremor, convulsion, mydriasis, confusion, amnesia, disorientation were observed. In oral ingestion and percutaneous absorption poisoning cases of infants, burning sensation, convulsions, central nervous system disorder (dizziness, confusion, somnolence, disorientation, disorientation, memory loss, tremor), red blood cell change (methemoglobinemia, hemolytic anemia, hemoglobinuria, cyanosis), etc. were observed (ACGIH (7th, 2001), CICAD 71 (2006), IARC 71 (1999), PATTY (6th, 2012), DFGOT Vol. 20 (2003)). In experimental animals, in oral administration on rats salivation, hyperexcitability, tachypnea, ptosis, lethargy, abnormal gait, lying position, tremor, dyspnea, tremor, convulsion, sedation, tonic chronic convulsion, cyanosis, etc. were reported (SIDS (2009), ACGIH (7th, 2001), DFGOT Vol. 20 (2003), PATTY (6th, 2012), CICAD 71 (2006)).

2020/3/31

	Vapor exposure o decrease in numb	per of leucocyte	at 100 mg/m ³ , a	nd pathologic
MINERAL OIL	effect on organs of respiration such as lung and respiratory tract, liver and spleen at 500 mg/m ³ (EHC 103 (1990)). Effects on liver and mesenteric node by repeated oral exposure test using rat (IUCLID, 2000) and on lung due to aerosol exposure on rat (US HPVIS, 2011).			
Aspiration Hazard :			,	
MINERAL OIL	Inhalation of oil pneumonia and/o			l or chemical
Information on the Likely Routes of Expose	1	1 0		
	Specific test data	for the substan	ce or mixture is	not available.
	May cause irritat			
	Specific test data			not available.
	Expected to be a			
	irritating to eyes.			
	May cause irreve			-
	Specific test data	0	-	not available.
	Ingestion may cause irritation based on components. Irritating to			
	skin. Prolonged	contact may cau	se redness and in	rritation.
Ingestion :	Specific test data	for the substan	ce or mixture is	not available.
	Ingestion may ca	use irritation to	mucous membra	anes. Ingestion
	may cause gastro			
	diarrhea. May be			
	Erythema (skin r			
	eyes. May cause	blindness. Burn	ing, itching, rus	hes and/or
	hives.			
	May cause sensit		ptible persons. N	May cause
•	sensitization by s	skin contact.		
Exposure				
	The table below		er each agency h	as listed any
	ingredient as car			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	A4	Group 3	-	-

MINERAL OIL Group 3 ACGIH: A1 – Confirmed human carcinogen, A2 – Suspected human carcinogen, A3 – Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans, A4 – Not classifiable as a human carcinogen, A5 – Not suspected as a human carcinogen

A4

-

Group 3

-

_

-

IARC: International Agency for Research and Cancer (Group 1 - Carcinogenic to humans, Group 2A -Probably Carcinogenic to humans, Group 2B – Possibly carcinogenic to humans, Group 3 – Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity in humans, Group 4 – Probably not carcinogenic to humans)

NTP: National Toxicology Program (NA = none assigned, Known = Known to be a human carcinogen, RAHC = Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen)

Other Information : No information available.

Section 12: Ecological Information

RESORCINOL

Toxicity on Aquatic Organisms :	
AMMONIUM BICARBONATE	LC50 (96 hrs., Oncorhynchus mykiss)=17300 ug/L
AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE	LC50 (Mysidopsis bahia, 96 hrs.) = $2.81 - 98.9$ mg total NH ₃ /L
	(SIDS, 2007)
BEHENTRIMONIUM CHLORIDE	EC50(Daphnia magna, 48 hrs.) = 0.16 mg/kg
FRAGRANCE	No specific information given on the SDS from manufacturer.

Safety Data Sheet

Issue Date: Revised Date:

2020/3/31

Page 9 of 12

POLYQUATERNIUM-4 RESORCINOL Toxicity on Terrestrial Organisms :	No information available EC50 (Daphnia magna, 48 hrs.) = 1.28 mg/L No information available.
Persistence and Degradability : BEHENTRIMONIUM CHLORIDE MINERAL OIL POLYQUATERNIUM-4 RESORCINOL Bioaccumulative Potential : BEHENTRIMONIUM CHLORIDE MINERAL OIL POLYQUATERNIUM-4 RESORCINOL Mobility in Soil :	BOD=0 % Persistent (IUCLID, 2000) No information available BOD = 66.7% Low bioaccumulation Log Pow > 6 (IUCLID, 2000) No information available log Kow = 0.8 No information available.
Other Adverse Effects :	No information available.
Section 13: Disposal Considerations Product/Packaging Disposal	: This material, as supplied, is not a hazardous waste according to Federal regulation (40 CFR 261). This material could become a hazardous waste if it is mixed with or otherwise comes in contact with a hazardous waste, if chemical additions are made to this material, or if the material is processed or otherwise altered. Consult 40 CFR 261 to determine whether the altered material is a hazardous waste. Consult the appropriate state, regional, or local

Waste Treatment-Relevant Information
Sewage Disposal-Relevant Information
Other Disposal Recommendation
regulations for additional requirements.
No information available.
No information available.
Dispose of contents/containers in accordance with local regulation (refer to Section 15).

Section 14: Transport Information

	DOT/TDG	IATA/ICAO	IMDG/IMO
UN Number	3147	3147	3147
UN Proper Shipping Name	DYE, SOLID,	DYE, SOLID,	DYE, SOLID,
	CORROSIVE,	CORROSIVE,	CORROSIVE,
	N.O.S.	N.O.S.	N.O.S.
Transport Hazard Classes	Class 8 Corrosive	Class 8 Corrosive	Class 8 Corrosive
	Substances	Substances	Substances
Packing Group	group III	group III	group III

DOT: US Department of Transportation

TDG: UN model regulation of Transport of Dangerous Goods

IATA/ICAO: International Air Transport Association/International Civil Aviation OrganizationIMDG/IMO: International Maritime Dangerous Goods/International Maritime OrganizationEnvironmental Hazards: No information available.Special Precautions for User: No information available.Transport in Bulk According to ANNEX: No information available.II of MARPOL 73/78 and IBC Code

Section 15: Regulatory Information

Safety, Health, and Environmental Regulations Specific for the Product <u>International chemical inventories</u> Toxic substances control act (TSCA) : All components of this product are either listed or are

		exempt on the TSCA inventory.
Domestic Substance list (DSL)	:	Substances comply or are exempt.
US Federal Regulation		
Title III of the Superfund Amendments	:	Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and
and Reauthorization act of 1986		Reauthorization act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains
(SARA 313)		a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting
		requirements of the act and title 40 of the Code of Federal
		Regulations (CFR), Part 372.

Chemical Name		SARA 313 – Thresho	old values (%)
AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE		1.0 as ammonia	
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL		1.0	
SARA 311/312 Hazard Category	:	Acute health hazard	Yes
		Chronic health hazard	No
		Fire hazard	No
		Sudden release of pressure hazard	No
		Reactive hazard	No
Clean Water Act (CWA)	:	This product contains the substance	s which are regulated as
		pollutant pursuant to the Clean Wate	er Act (40 CFR 122).
Clean Air Act (CAA)	:	This product does not contain substa	ance which is regulated
		as pollutant pursuant to the Clean A	ir Act (40 CFR 50 - 99).
Comprehensive Environmental	:	This material, as supplied, contains	one or more substances
Response Compensation and Liability		regulated as hazardous substance un	der the Comprehensive
Act (CERCLA)		Environmental Response Compensa	tion and Liability Act
· ·		(40 CFR 302).	

Hazardous Substance	Statutory Code*	RCRA Waste No.	Final RQ Pounds
AMMONIUM BICARBONATE	1	-	5000 lb (2270 kg)
AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE	1	-	1000 lb (454 kg)
RESORCINOL	1.4	U201	5000 lb (2270 kg)

* According to 40 CFR 302, The "Statutory Code" column indicates the statutory source for designating each substance as a CERCLA hazardous substance:

"1" indicates that the statutory source is section 311(b)(2) of the Clean Water Act,

"2" indicates that the source is section 307(a) of the Clean Water Act,

"3" indicates that the source is section 112 of the Clean Air Act, and

"4" indicates that the source is section 3001 of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA). US State Regulations

California Hazardous Waste Code : 135 (unspecified aqueous solution)

This product contains one or more substances that are listed with the state of California as hazardous waste.

Chemical Name	California Hazardous Waste Code
AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE	X, C
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	X, I
California Hazardaus Wasta Cada: V. Tavia C.	Corregius I Ignitable P reactive

California Hazardous Waste Code: X – Toxic, C – Corrosive, I – Ignitable, R - reactive

California Proposition 65 : This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals. US State Right-to-Know Regulations :

Chemical name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania	Rhode Island	Illinois
AMMONIUM BICARBONATE	Х	Х	Х	-	Х
AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE	Х	Х	Х	-	Х
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	Х	Х	Х	Х	-
LANOLIN	-	-	Х	Х	-

Issue Date: 2020/3/31 Revised Date:

Page 11 of 12

MINERAL OIL	Х	Х	Х	Х	-
PARAFFIN	Х	Х	Х	Х	-
RESORCINOL	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

Section 16: Other Information

: Health hazard	3
Flammability hazard	0
Instability hazard	0
Special hazards	COR
: Health	3
Flammability	0
Physical hazard	0
Personal protection	Х
	Flammability hazard Instability hazard Special hazards : Health Flammability Physical hazard

Reference

- 1. Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals Revision 5, 2013
- 2. National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (http://www.nite.go.jp/en/index.html)
- 3. SDS provided from raw material manufactures
- 4. United States Code (http://uscode.house.gov/browse.xhtml)
 - a) Title 21 Food and Drugs Chapter 9 Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act
 - b) Title 33 Navigation and Navigable Waters Chapter 26 Water Pollution Prevention and Control
 - c) Title 42 The Public Health and Welfare Chapter 85 Air Pollution Prevention and Control
 - d) Title 42 The Public Health and Welfare Chapter 103—Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability
- 5. Code of Federal Regulation (https://www.gpo.gov/)
 - a) 21 CFR parts 700 799 Cosmetics
 - b) 40 CFR Protection of Environment
- 6. US Right-to-Know Regulation
 - a) New Jersey administrative code Title 8 Health Chapter 59 Work and community right to know act rules Appendix A and B
 - b) New Jersey Register Volume 42, Issue 15, 42 N.J.R. 1709(a), August 2, 2010
 - c) Code of Massachusetts Regulations 105 CMR 670.000 Right to know
 - d) The Pennsylvania Code Title 34 Labor and Industry Chapter 323 Hazardous Substance List
 - e) State of Rhode Island General Laws Chapter 28-21 Hazardous Substances Right-to-Know Act
 - f) Rhode Island Hazardous Substance List (http://www.dlt.ri.gov/comucefoldfo/Hazardou
 - (http://www.dlt.ri.gov/occusafe/pdfs/HazardousABC.pdf)
 - g) Illinois Chemical Safety Act (430 ILCS 45)
 - h) Hazardous Materials Emergency Act (430 ILCS 50)
 - i) Illinois Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act (430 ILCS 100)
- 7. Domestic Substance List (http://www.ec.gc.ca/LCPE-CEPA/default.asp?lang=En&n=5F213FA8-1)
- 8. TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory (https://www.epa.gov/tsca-inventory)
- 9. International Agency for Research on Cancer (http://www.iarc.fr/)
- 10. American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (http://www.acgih.org/)
- 11. US Environmental Protection Agency (https://www3.epa.gov/)
- 12. US Department of Labor, Occupational Safety and Health Administration (https://www.osha.gov/)
- 13. The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/about/default.html)
- 14. US Department of Health and Human Services, National Toxicology Program (https://ntp.niehs.nih.gov/)
- 15. US Department of Transportation (https://www.transportation.gov/)
- 16. International Air Transport Association (http://www.iata.org/Pages/default.aspx)
- 17. International Civil Aviation Organization (http://www.icao.int/Pages/default.aspx
- International Maritime Organization (http://www.imo.org/en/Publications/IMDGCode/Pages/Default.aspx)

19. California Environmental Protection Agency (http://oehha.ca.gov/)

20. National Fire Protection Association (http://www.nfpa.org/)

Disclaimer: The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.