**Section 1: Identification** 

**Safety Data Sheet** 

2020/3/31

Page 1 of 11

1.1 Product identification		
Product identifier	:	Mixture
Product name	:	PROMASTER(Z) M-9/9 [Colorant]
Product code	:	Not available
Recommended uses	:	Cosmetics - Hair Coloring Product
Restrictions on uses	:	No information available
1.2 Identification of company		
Manufacturer/Supplier name	:	Hoyu America Co.
Division	:	
Address	:	6265 Phyllis Drive Cypress, CA 90630 US
Telephone number	:	714-230-3000
FAX number	:	714-230-3060
E-mail	:	info@hoyu-usa.com
1.3 Emergency telephone number	:	1-800-848-4980
1.4 Reference number	:	20-0026(US)

## Section 2: Hazard Identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture		
2.1.1 Physico-Chemical hazard		
Flammable Solids	:	Not classified
2.1.2 Health Hazard		
Acute toxicity (Oral)	:	Not classified
Acute toxicity (Dermal)	:	Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation: dusts/mists)	:	Not classified
Skin corrosion/irritation	:	Category 2
Serious eye damage/irritation	:	Category 1
Skin sensitization	:	Category 1
Reproductive toxicity	:	Not classified
Aspiration hazard	:	Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	:	Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	:	Not classified
2.1.3 Environmental Hazard		

\* For those not listed on "2.1 Classification of the Substance or Mixture" are either "Not Applicable" or "Classification not Possible."

\* Hazard identification is made according to the 2012 OSHA communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1210) and GHS rev. 7.

## 2.2 Label Element

Hazard Pictograms		
Signal Word	: Danger	
Hazard Statement	: H315	Causes skin irritation.
	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	H318	Causes serious eye damage.
	H370	Causes damage to organs Central Nervous System,
		Respiratory Tract.
Precautionary Statement		
General Precautions	: P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Issue Date: Revised Date:

2020/3/31

			P102	Keep out of reach of children.
			P103	Read label before use.
	Preventions	:	P264	Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly
				after handling.
			P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye
				protection/face protection.
			P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed
				out of the workplace.
			P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
			P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
	Responses	:	P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
			P321	Specific treatment (see section 4 on this SDS).
			P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before
				reuse.
			P305+P354+	IF IN EYES: Immediately rinse with water for
			P338	several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present
				and easy to do. Continue Rinsing.
			P317	Get medical help.
			P333+P317	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical help.
			P308+P316	IF exposed or concerned: Get emergency medical
	~			help immediately.
	Storage	:	P405	Store locked up.
	Disposal	:	P501	Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste
				disposal plant in accordance with
1	1 1			local/regional/national/international regulations.

## 2.3 Other hazards

2.6% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (oral).

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause allergic reactions with susceptible persons. Use of alcoholic beverages may enhance toxic effects.

## Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Concentration (w/w %)
Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
2 Mixtures :		
Chemical Name	CAS No.	Concentration (w/w %)
PEG-32	25322-68-3	5 - 10
CETETH-30	68439-49-6	5 - 10
AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE	1336-21-6	1 - 5
STEARETH-2	9005-00-9	1 - 5
BEHENTRIMONIUM CHLORIDE	68607-24-9	1 - 5
AMMONIUM BICARBONATE	1066-33-7	1 - 5
LANOLIN	8006-54-0	1 - 5
PARAFFIN	8002-74-2	1 - 5
MINERAL OIL	8042-47-5	0.1 - 1
ASCORBIC ACID	50-81-7	0.1 - 1
	71750-79-3,	
AMODIMETHICONE	106842-44-8,	0.1 - 1
	68554-54-1	
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	67-63-0	0.1 - 1
POLYQUATERNIUM-4	92183-41-0	0.1 - 1

Issue Date: 2020/3/31 Revised Date:

Page 3 of 11

FRAGRANCE	N.A.	0.1 - 1
RESORCINOL	108-46-3	0.1 - 1
TOLUENE-2,5-DIAMINE SULFATE	6369-59-1	0.1 - 1
SODIUM SULFITE	7757-83-7	0.1 - 1

### Section 4 : First-aid Measures

4.1 Description of First Aid Measures

Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Get medical attention immediately if symptoms occur.
Skin Contact	: Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. May
	cause an allergic skin reaction. In the case of skin irritation or allergic reactions
	see a physician.
Eye Contact	: Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15
-	minutes keep eye wide open while rinsing. Remove contact lenses, if present and
	easy to do. Continue rinsing. Do not rub affected area. Seek immediate medical
	attention/advice.
Ingestion	: Rinse mouth immediately and drink plenty of water. Never give anything by
C	mouth to an unconscious person. DO NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician.
4.2 Most Important S	Symptoms/Effects
Acute	: Burning sensation, itching, rashes, and/or hives.
Delayed	: Burning sensation, itching, rashes, and/or hives.

4.3 Protection for Person who gives First-Aids

Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear personal protective clothing (see section 8).

4.4 Indication of Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required. May cause sensitization of susceptible persons. Treat symptomatically.

## **Section 5: Fire-Fighting Measures**

5.1 Extinguishing Media		
Suitable Extinguishing Media	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Inappropriate Extinguish Media	:	No information available.
5.2 Specific Hazards Arising from	:	Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and
the Chemicals		vapors.
5.3 Special Extinguishing Method	:	Sensitivity to mechanical impact: No
		Sensitivity to static discharge: No
5.4 Special Protective Actions for	:	As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus
Fire-fighter		pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and
		full protective gear.

## Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

6.1 Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures				
Protective Equipment	:	Refer to protective measures listed in Section 7 and 8. Prevent		
		further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.		
Appropriate Procedure	:	Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Ensure adequate		
		ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required.		
Emergency Procedure	:	Evacuate personnel to safe areas.		
6.2 Environmental Precautions	:	Refer to protective measures listed in Section 7 and 8. Prevent		
		further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.		
6.3 Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning up				
For Containment	:	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.		
For Cleaning up	:	Soak up with inert absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to		
		properly labeled containers.		

Issue Date: Revised Date:

2020/3/31

Page 4 of 11

Other Information	:	Not available
Section 7: Handling and Storage 7.1 Precautions for Safe Handling		
General Precautions	:	Use personal protection equipment. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
General Hygiene	:	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
7.2 Conditions for Safe Storage		
General Information	:	Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store locked up. Keep out of the reach of children.
Storage Conditions	:	Do not store with strong acids, strong oxidizing agents and/or strong bases.
Other Information	:	Not available

## Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

#### 8.1 Occupational Exposure Limits :

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	NIOSH IDLH	NIOSH REL	OSHA PEL
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	TWA : 200 ppm, ST : 400 ppm	2000 ppm [10%LEL]	TWA: 400 ppm (980 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ), ST: 500 ppm (1225 mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	TWA: 400 ppm (980 mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
PARAFFIN	-	-	TWA : $2 \text{ mg/m}^3$	-
RESORCINOL	-	-	TWA: 10 ppm (45 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ), ST: 20 ppm (90 mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	-
MINERAL OIL	TWA : 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (IHL; excluding metal working fluids, pure highly and severely refined) (For poorly and mildly refined: exposure by all routes should be carefully controlled to levels as low as possible.)	2500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , ST 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

ACGIH TLV: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists – Threshold limit value. OSHA PEL: Occupational safety and Health Administration – Permissible Exposure Limits Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health.

NIOSH IDLH: The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health – Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations.

8.2 Engineering Controls	:	Showers Eyewash station Ventilation system
8.3 Individual Protection Measures		, ,
Eye/Face Protection	:	Tight sealing safety goggles.
Skin Protection	:	Wear protective gloves and protective clothing. Long sleeved clothing. Impervious gloves.

Issue Date: 2020/3/31 Revised Date:

Respiratory Protection	: No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions. If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, ventilation and evacuation may be required.
Thermal Hazard	: Not available
Other Requirements	: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the products.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Propertie	es		
Physical State	:	Cream	
Color	:	Yellow to yellowish brown	
Odor	:	Characteristic odor	
pН	:	9.4 - 10.4	pH meter (1% aq. sol.)
Melting/Freezing Point	:	No data available	Not known
Initial Boiling Point and Boiling Range	:	No data available	Not known
Flash Point	:	No data available	Not known
Evaporation Rate	:	No data available	Not known
Flammability (Solid, Gas)	:	Not meet a criteria under burning rate test by judging from the product composition	Not known
Upper/lower Flammability or Explosive Limits	:	No data available	Not known
Vapor Pressure	:	No data available	Not known
Density	:	No data available	Not known
Relative Vapor Density	:	No data available	Not known
Solubility	:	Completely soluble in water	Not known
Partition Coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	No data available	Not known
Autoignition temperature	:	No data available	Not known
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available	Not known
Viscosity	:	25000 – 45000 mPa•s	Type B viscometer (No.4 rotor/12 rpm/1 min)
Kinetic viscosity	:	No data available	Not known
Particle characteristics	:	No data available	Not known
Explosive property	:	No data available	Not known
Oxidizing property	:	No	
VOC contents (%)	:	No data available	
Other Information	:	No information available	

## Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity	:	No data available
Chemical Stability	:	Stable under recommended storage conditions.
Possibility of Hazardous Reactions	:	None under normal processing.
Conditions to Avoid	:	None known
Incompatible Materials	:	Oxidative agent and acid materials.
Hazardous Decomposition Products	:	Carbon oxides, ammonia.

## Section 11: Toxicological Information

Information on Toxicological Effects	
Acute Toxicity	:
AMMONIUM BICARBONATE	LD50(oral, rat) = 1576  mg/kg
AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE	LD50(oral, rat) = 350 mg/kg

2020/3/31

BEHENTRIMONIUM	LD50(oral, rat) = 1000  mg/kg
CHLORIDE	LD50(01a1, 1at) = 1000  mg/kg
CETETH-30	LD50(oral, rat) = 1260  mg/kg
STEARETH-2	LD50(oral, rat) = 1200  mg/kg LD50(oral, rat) = 25000 mg/kg
RESORCINOL	LD50(oral, rat) = 25000  mg/kg LD50(oral, rat) = 301 mg/kg
TOLUENE-2,5-DIAMINE SULFATE	LD50(oral, rat) = 98 mg/kg
SULFATE Skin Corrosion/Irritation	
	$C_{\text{array}} = (1 + 1) (200) (1 + 200) (200)$
AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE	Corrosive (rabbit, 20 % aq. Sol.) (SIDS 2008). Causes skin irritation.
AMODIMETHICONE BEHENTRIMONIUM	
	Corrosive to skin. Low concentration solution $(1\%)$ causes skin
CHLORIDE	irritation, and high concentration solutions ( $\geq 10\%$ ) may cause
	inflammation, rash, etc.
CETETH-30	Moderate irritation (Draize, Rabbit, RTECS).
FRAGRANCE	No information available
RESORCINOL	In the skin irritation test in which this substance was applied to
	rabbits for 24 hours, there were reports of skin irritation scores
	4.4 and 5.4, and scars and necrosis of the necrotic part were
	observed 14 days after application (SIDS (2009), DFGOT vol.
	20 (2003), CICAD 71 (2006)).
	In addition to reports that epidemiological investigations of 268
	human subjects showed a direct relationship between the
	occurrence of dermatitis and this substance exposure (NTP TR
	403 (1992), ACGIH (7 th, 2001)) . Multiple dermatitis due to
	this substance exposure has been reported (SIDS (2009),
	PATTY (6 th, 2012)).
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} $
AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE	Corrosive (rabbit, 28.5 % aq. Sol.) (HSDB (Access on June
	2014)).
AMODIMETHICONE	Causes serious eye damage.
BEHENTRIMONIUM	Low concentration solution $(0.1 - 1\%)$ is strongly irritant to
CHLORIDE	eyes, and high concentration solutions ( $\geq 10\%$ ) may cause
	severe burnings with turbidity or angiogenesis.
CETETH-30	Moderate irritation (Draize, Rabbit, RTECS).
FRAGRANCE	No information available
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	Mild to strong irritation (rabbit) (EHC, 1990, SIDS, 2002,
	PATTY 6th, 2012, and ECETOC TR48, 1998).
PARAFFIN	Slightly or mild irritant (rabbit, IUCLID, 2000 and RTECS, 2008)
DEC 22	2008). Mild imitant (rokhit) but recovered within 24 to 48 hrs
PEG-32 SODIUM SULFITE	Mild irritant (rabbit), but recovered within 24 to 48 hrs. Causes eye irritation. Slight irritation on rabbit eyes.
RESORCINOL	Causes eye irritation. Slight irritation on rabbit eyes. In the eye irritation test using rabbit, there are reports that
RESORCINOL	
	non-recovering conjunctivitis, iritis, corneal opacity occurred (SIDS (2009)). Also there were reports that nonrecorescious
	ulcer has developed (ACGIH (7th, 2001)). In addition, the
	irritation score is reported as 39.9-56.3 and 105 (maximum
	value 110) (SIDS (2009), CICAD 71 (2006)).
TOLUENE-2,5-DIAMINE	In the test using rabbits, "mild response to conjunctiva" was
SULFATE	observed (HSDB, 2002).
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization	
FRAGRANCE	No information available
RESORCINOL	There was a report that the positive rate was seen to be 30% or
	more in skin sensitization test using guinea pig (OECD TG
	406, GLP compliant) (SIDS (2009), DFGOT vol. 20 (2003)).
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	No information available

Issue Date: Revised Date: 2020/3/31

Page 7 of 11

Carcinogenicity	: No information available
Reproductive Toxicity ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	: Two generation test on rat by oral exposure showed decrease in copulation rate on parent and decrease in weight and increase in death rate (PATTY 6th, 2012 and SIDS (2002)).
STOT – Single Exposure AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE	: There is known neurological effect due to oral and dermal exposure, which normally limited to blurred vision on topically applied region, but severe exposure causes increase in concentration of blood ammonia, attack, coma, nonspecific diffuse brain disorder, loss in muscle strength, decreased deep tendon reflex, loss of consciousness, and death (ATSDR, 2004). This substance has a respiratory irritation and causes severe irritation and pain on airway mucosa. Also, severe corrosive effects are known for mouth, throat and stomach by oral route (HSDB, 2014).
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	This substance showed systematic hazardous effect including the central nervous depression such as lethargy, coma and respiratory depression, irritation on the alimentary canal, effect on the circulatory system such as blood pressure, body temperature decrease, and abnormal cardiac rhythm (SIDS (2002), EHC 103 (1990)).
PARAFFIN	Wax fume is mild irritant on eyes, nose, and throat (PATTY5th, 2001)
RESORCINOL	This substance has multiple human poisoning cases. After using ointment or cream (50% of this substance, 100 g) for the treatment of skin diseases, methemoglobinemia, cyanosis, convulsions due to loss of consciousness, tremor, convulsion, mydriasis, confusion, amnesia, disorientation were observed. In oral ingestion and percutaneous absorption poisoning cases of infants, burning sensation, convulsions, central nervous system disorder (dizziness, confusion, somnolence, disorientation, disorientation, memory loss, tremor), red blood cell change (methemoglobinemia, hemolytic anemia, hemoglobinuria, cyanosis), etc. were observed (ACGIH (7th, 2001), CICAD 71 (2006), IARC 71 (1999), PATTY (6th, 2012), DFGOT Vol. 20 (2003)). In experimental animals, in oral administration on rats salivation, hyperexcitability, tachypnea, ptosis, lethargy, abnormal gait, lying position, tremor, dyspnea, tremor, convulsion, sedation, tonic chronic convulsion, cyanosis, etc. were reported (SIDS (2009), ACGIH (7th, 2001), DFGOT Vol. 20 (2003), PATTY (6th, 2012), CICAD 71 (2006)).
STOT – Repeated Exposure ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	: Vapor exposure of this substance on rat for 4 month showed decrease in number of leucocyte at 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , and pathologic effect on organs of respiration such as lung and respiratory tract, liver and spleen at 500 mg/m3 (EHC 103 (1990)).
MINERAL OIL	Effects on liver and mesenteric node by repeated oral exposure test using rat (IUCLID, 2000) and on lung due to aerosol exposure on rat (US HPVIS, 2011).
Aspiration Hazard MINERAL OIL	: Inhalation of oil or liquid to lung may cause lipid or chemical pneumonia and/or lipid granuloma.

Information on the Likely Routes of E	xposi	ure			
Inhalation	:	Specific test data	for the substand	ce or mixture is	not available.
		May cause irritat	ion of respirator	ry tract.	
Eye contact		Specific test data			
		Expected to be a			
		irritating to eyes.	Cause serious e	eye damage. Ma	y cause burns.
		May cause irreve	ersible damage to	o eyes.	
Skin contact	:	Specific test data	for the substand	ce or mixture is	not available.
		Ingestion may ca	use irritation ba	sed on compone	ents. Irritating to
		skin. Prolonged	contact may cau	se redness and in	rritation.
Ingestion	:	Specific test data	for the substand	ce or mixture is	not available.
		Ingestion may ca	use irritation to	mucous membr	anes. Ingestion
		may cause gastro	intestinal irritat	ion, nausea, von	niting and
		diarrhea. May be	harmful if swal	lowed (based or	n components).
Symptoms related to the Physical,	:	Erythema (skin r	edness). May ca	use redness and	tearing of the
Chemical and Toxicological		eyes. May cause	blindness. Burn	ing, itching, rus	hes and/or
Characteristics		hives.			
Delayed, Immediate, and Chronic	:	May cause sensit	tization of susce	ptible persons. N	May cause
Effects from Short and Long Term		sensitization by s	skin contact.		-
Exposure		-			
Carcinogenicity	:	The table below	indicates whether	er each agency h	as listed any
	ingredient as carcinogen.				-
Chemical Name		ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA

Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	A4	Group 3	-	-
RESORCINOL	A4	Group 3	-	-
MINERAL OIL	-	Group 3	-	-

ACGIH: A1 – Confirmed human carcinogen, A2 – Suspected human carcinogen, A3 – Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans, A4 – Not classifiable as a human carcinogen, A5 – Not suspected as a human carcinogen

IARC: International Agency for Research and Cancer (Group 1 – Carcinogenic to humans, Group 2A – Probably Carcinogenic to humans, Group 2B – Possibly carcinogenic to humans, Group 3 – Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity in humans, Group 4 – Probably not carcinogenic to humans)

NTP: National Toxicology Program (NA = none assigned, Known = Known to be a human carcinogen, RAHC = Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen)

Other Information : No information available.

#### Section 12: Ecological Information

Toxicity on Aquatic Organisms :	
AMMONIUM BICARBONATE	LC50 (96 hrs., Oncorhynchus mykiss)=17300 ug/L
AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE	LC50 (Mysidopsis bahia, 96 hrs.) = $2.81 - 98.9$ mg total NH <sub>3</sub> /L (SIDS, 2007)
BEHENTRIMONIUM CHLORIDE	EC50(Daphnia magna, 48 hrs.) = 0.16 mg/kg
FRAGRANCE	No specific information given on the SDS from manufacturer.
POLYQUATERNIUM-4	No information available
RESORCINOL	EC50 (Daphnia magna, 48 hrs.) = $1.28 \text{ mg/L}$
Toxicity on Terrestrial Organisms :	No information available.
Persistence and Degradability : BEHENTRIMONIUM CHLORIDE MINERAL OIL POLYQUATERNIUM-4 RESORCINOL Bioaccumulative Potential :	BOD=0 % Persistent (IUCLID, 2000) No information available BOD = 66.7%
BEHENTRIMONIUM CHLORIDE	Low bioaccumulation

Issue Date: Revised Date:

2020/3/31

Page 9 of 11

MINERAL OIL POLYQUATERNIUM-4 RESORCINOL Mobility in Soil	:	Log Pow > 6 (IUCLID, 2000) No information available log Kow = 0.8 No information available.
Other Adverse Effects	:	No information available.
Section 13: Disposal Considerations Product/Packaging Disposal		: This material, as supplied, is not a hazardous waste according to Federal regulation (40 CFR 261). This material could become a hazardous waste if it is mixed with or otherwise comes in contact with a hazardous waste, if chemical additions are made to this material, or if the material is processed or otherwise altered. Consult 40 CFR 261 to determine whether the altered material is a hazardous waste. Consult the appropriate state, regional, or local regulations for additional requirements.
Waste Treatment-Relevant Information	on	: No information available.

Waste Treatment-Relevant Information Sewage Disposal-Relevant Information Other Disposal Recommendation

No information available.
Dispose of contents/containers in accordance with local regulation (refer to Section 15).

#### **Section 14: Transport Information**

	DOT/TDG	IATA/ICAO	IMDG/IMO
UN Number			
UN Proper Shipping Name	Not Doculated	Not Regulated	Not Regulated
Transport Hazard Classes	Not Regulated		
Packing Group			
DOT: US Department of Transport	tation		

TDG: UN model regulation of Transport of Dangerous Goods

IATA/ICAO: International Air Transport Association/International Civil Aviation OrganizationIMDG/IMO: International Maritime Dangerous Goods/International Maritime OrganizationEnvironmental Hazards: No information available.Special Precautions for User: No information available.Transport in Bulk According to ANNEX: No information available.II of MARPOL 73/78 and IBC Code

## Section 15: Regulatory Information

Safety, Health, and Environmental Regulations Specific for the Product

International chemical inventories				
Toxic substances control act (TSCA)	:	1	nts of this product are either listed or are e TSCA inventory.	
Domestic Substance list (DSL)	:	Substances co	omply or are exempt.	
US Federal Regulation				
Title III of the Superfund Amendments	:	Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and		
and Reauthorization act of 1986		Reauthorization act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains		
(SARA 313)		a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting		
			of the act and title 40 of the Code of Federal	
		Regulations (	CFR), Part 372.	
Chemical Name			SARA 313 – Threshold values (%)	
AMMONIUM UVDDOVIDE			1.0	

Chemical Name	SARA 313 – Threshold values (%)
AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE	1.0 as ammonia
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	1.0

Issue Date: 2 Revised Date:

SARA 311/312 Hazard Category	:	Acute health hazard	Yes
		Chronic health hazard	No
		Fire hazard	No
		Sudden release of pressure hazard	No
		Reactive hazard	No
Clean Water Act (CWA)	:	This product contains the substances pollutant pursuant to the Clean Wate	e
Clean Air Act (CAA)	:	This product does not contain substa as pollutant pursuant to the Clean A	e
Comprehensive Environmental	:	This material, as supplied, contains	one or more substances
Response Compensation and Liability		regulated as hazardous substance un	der the Comprehensive
Act (CERCLA)		Environmental Response Compensa	tion and Liability Act
		(40 CFR 302).	

Hazardous Substance	Statutory Code*	RCRA Waste No.	Final RQ Pounds
AMMONIUM BICARBONATE	1	-	5000 lb (2270 kg)
AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE	1	-	1000 lb (454 kg)
RESORCINOL	1, 4	U201	5000 lb (2270 kg)

\* According to 40 CFR 302, The "Statutory Code" column indicates the statutory source for designating each substance as a CERCLA hazardous substance:

"1" indicates that the statutory source is section 311(b)(2) of the Clean Water Act,

"2" indicates that the source is section 307(a) of the Clean Water Act,

"3" indicates that the source is section 112 of the Clean Air Act, and

"4" indicates that the source is section 3001 of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA). US State Regulations

California Hazardous Waste Code : 135 (unspecified aqueous solution)

This product contains one or more substances that are listed with the state of California as hazardous waste.

Chemical Name	California Hazardous Waste Code
AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE	X, C
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	X, I

California Hazardous Waste Code: X – Toxic, C – Corrosive, I – Ignitable, R - reactive

California Proposition 65 : This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals. US State Right-to-Know Regulations :

Chemical name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania	Rhode Island	Illinois
AMMONIUM BICARBONATE	X	Х	Х	-	Х
AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE	Х	Х	Х	-	Х
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	Х	Х	Х	Х	-
LANOLIN	-	-	Х	Х	-
MINERAL OIL	Х	Х	Х	Х	-
PARAFFIN	Х	Х	Х	Х	-
RESORCINOL	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

#### Section 16: Other Information

NFPA (National Fire Protection	: Health hazard	3
Association Code)	Flammability hazard	0
	Instability hazard	0
	Special hazards	COR
HMIS (Hazardous Materials	: Health	3
Identification System)	Flammability	0
	Physical hazard	0
	Personal protection	Х

Reference

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